# Public Law 89-617

October 3, 1966 [S. 1474]

### AN ACT

To create a bipartisan commission to study Federal laws limiting political activity by officers and employees of Government.

Federal employees. Political activity, study. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION

Section 1. There is hereby established a commission to be known as the Commission on Political Activity of Government Personnel (in this Act referred to as the "Commission").

### MEMBERSHIP OF THE COMMISSION

Sec. 2. (a) Number and Appointment.—The Commission shall be composed of twelve members as follows:

(1) Four appointed by the President of the United States, two from the executive branch of the Government and two from private life;

(2) Four appointed by the President of the Senate, two from the Senate and two from private life; and

(3) Four appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, two from the House of Representatives and two from private life.

(b) Political Affiliation.—Of each class of two members appointed under subsection (a), not more than one member shall be from each of the two major political parties.

(c) Vacancies.—Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

#### ORGANIZATION OF THE COMMISSION

Sec. 3. The Commission shall elect a Chairman and a Vice Chairman from among its members.

# QUORUM

Sec. 4. Seven members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum.

## COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION

Sec. 5. (a) Members of Congress.—Members of Congress who are members of the Commission shall serve without compensation in addition to that received for their services as Members of Congress; but they shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of the duties vested in the Commission.

(b) Members From the Executive Branch.—The members of the Commission who are in the executive branch of the Government shall serve without compensation in addition to that received for their services in the executive branch, but they shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of the duties vested in the Commission.

(c) Members From Private Life.—The members from private life shall each receive \$50 per diem when engaged in the actual performance of duties vested in the Commission, plus reimbursement for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of such duties.

### STAFF OF THE COMMISSION

Sec. 6. (a) The Commission shall have power to appoint and fix the compensation of such personnel as it deems advisable, without regard to the provisions of the civil service laws and the Classification

Act of 1949, as amended. (b) The Commission may procure, without regard to the civil serv-note.

ice laws and the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, temporary and intermittent services to the same extent as is authorized for the departments by section 15 of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), but at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals.

63 Stat. 954. 5 USC 1071

60 Stat. 810.

### DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION

Sec. 7. (a) Study and Investigation.—The Commission shall make a full and complete investigation and study of the Federal laws which limit or discourage the participation of Federal and State officers and employees in political activity with a view to determining the effect of such laws, the need for their revision or elimination, and an appraisal of the extent to which undesirable results might accrue from their repeal.

(b) Reports.—The Commission shall submit a comprehensive report dent and Conof its activities and the results of its studies to the President and to the gress. Congress within one year after the date of enactment of this Act at which date the Commission shall cease to exist. The final report of the Commission shall contain such proposed legislative enactments as, in the judgment of the Commission, are necessary to carry out its recommendations.

#### POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

Sec. 8. (a) Hearings and Sessions.—The Commission or, on the authorization of the Commission, any subcommittee or member thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act, hold such hearings and sit and act at such times and places, administer such oaths, and require, by subpena or otherwise, the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, correspondence, memorandums, papers, and documents as the Commission or such subcommittee or member may deem advisable. Subpenas may be issued under the signature of the Chairman of the Commission, of such subcommittee, or any duly designated member, and may be served by any person designated by such Chairman or member. The provisions of section 102 to 104, inclusive, of the Revised Statutes of the United States (2 U.S.C. secs. 192-194, inclusive), shall apply in the case of failure of any witness to comply with a subpena or to testify when summoned under authority of this section.

(b) OBTAINING OFFICIAL DATA.—The Commission is authorized to secure directly from any executive department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics for the purpose of this Act; and each such department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, establishment, or instrumentality is authorized and directed to furnish such information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics directly to the Commission, upon request made by the Chairman or Vice

Chairman. Approved October 3, 1966.